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WTO REFORMS

This article covers "Daily Current Affairs" and the topic details "WTO Reforms". The topic "WTO Reforms" has relevance in the International Relations section for the UPSC CSE exam.

Relevance of the topic "WTO Reforms"

For Prelims:

What are WTO Reforms?

For Mains:

GS 2:International Relations What is the significance of WTO Reforms? Way Forward

Why in the news?

सफलता Recently India and the EU have affirmed their commitment to work together on WTO reforms.

What are WTO Reforms?

WTO is a multilateral trade body that allows the free and fair movement of goods and services across the country. WTO is in the eye of the storm as the major reforms to allow an equitable trade environment are stalled because of the lack of cooperation between the states.

WTO reforms refer to the proposed changes and adjustments to the rules, procedures, and functions of the World Trade Organization (WTO). The WTO is an international organization that deals with global trade rules among its member countries. Over time, concerns and criticisms have emerged regarding certain aspects of the WTO's functioning, leading to calls for reforms to address these issues. Some of the key areas of focus for WTO reforms include:

The issues with WTO are as follows:

1. Dispute Settlement Mechanism: One of the critical functions of the WTO is the resolution of trade disputes among member countries. However, the WTO's Appellate Body, which hears appeals in trade disputes, has faced challenges, including a backlog of cases and concerns about overreach and delays. Reforms aim to address these issues and restore the functioning of an effective dispute settlement system.

- 2. Trade Negotiations: The WTO conducts negotiations to establish global trade agreements and reduce trade barriers. Reforms aim to make the negotiation process more inclusive, transparent, and responsive to the needs of member countries, particularly addressing concerns raised by developing and least-developed countries.
- 3. Special and Differential Treatment: Developing countries have advocated for stronger provisions that address their specific needs and development challenges. Reforms focus on enhancing special and differential treatment provisions to ensure that developing countries can effectively participate in global trade and derive benefits from the multilateral trading system.
- 4. Trade and Environment: There is a growing recognition of the need to reconcile trade rules with environmental objectives. Reforms aim to strengthen the integration of environmental considerations in trade agreements, promote sustainable practices, and address issues such as climate change, conservation, and sustainable development.
- 5. Digital Economy and E-commerce: The rapid growth of the digital economy and e-commerce has raised new challenges and opportunities for global trade. Reforms seek to address digital trade barriers, ensure data flows, and establish rules for the digital economy within the WTO framework.
- 6. Transparency and Notification Obligations: Transparency and timely information exchange are essential for effective trade governance. Reforms focus on improving transparency and strengthening notification obligations to ensure that member countries have access to accurate and up-to-date trade-related information.

The process of WTO reforms involves discussions and negotiations among member countries, and the specific reform proposals can vary. Reforms aim to ensure that the WTO remains relevant, effective, and capable of addressing emerging trade challenges while balancing the interests of its diverse membership.

What is the significance of WTO Reforms?

WTO reforms hold significant importance for several reasons:

- 1. Addressing Current Trade Challenges: The global trade landscape has evolved significantly since the establishment of the WTO. Reforms help the organization adapt to emerging challenges such as digital trade, environmental sustainability, and changing economic dynamics.
- 2. Promoting Inclusivity and Development: Reforms aim to address the concerns of developing and least developed countries, promoting their interests and ensuring their meaningful participation in the global trading system.
- 3. Restoring Dispute Settlement Mechanism: The effective functioning of the dispute settlement mechanism is crucial for maintaining a rules-based trading system. Reforms aim to address the challenges faced by the WTO's Appellate Body, which include a backlog of cases and concerns about overreach.
- 4. Strengthening Transparency and Governance: Transparency and information exchange are essential for building trust and ensuring effective trade governance.

- 5. Fostering Cooperation and Consensus: The WTO operates on a consensus-based decision-making process, requiring agreement among member countries.
- 6. Enhancing the Role of WTO in Global Trade: Reforms aim to strengthen the role and relevance of the WTO as the primary international organization governing global trade.
- 7. Mitigating Trade Tensions and Protecting Against Protectionism: In the context of growing trade tensions and protectionist measures, WTO reforms play a crucial role in promoting open, rules-based, and non-discriminatory trade.

Way Forward

WTO reforms are essential for adapting to the evolving global trade landscape, promoting inclusivity, addressing emerging challenges, and maintaining the stability and effectiveness of the multilateral trading system. By strengthening the WTO, reforms contribute to fostering economic growth, development, and cooperation among member countries.

1. What is the significance of WTO reforms? Discuss.

Source:

https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleseDetail.aspx?PRID=1924405

